### The Budget and Medium Term Financial Planning Process

### **Reasons for Producing Budgets**

Budgets are required to plan for forthcoming activities in meeting the objectives of the Council as a whole. Legally, the Council is required by legislation to set its budget (balanced funding/spend) and the associated Council Tax by 11<sup>th</sup> March each year.

The budget represents the Council's plans in financial terms and acts as a method of measuring performance against the achievement of these objectives. Variances from the budget are highlighted to Senior Management and Members on a monthly basis.

Budgets assist in bringing together views, opinions and decisions of all stakeholders such as Members, Local Residents, Focus Groups and the Business Community.

### **The Budget Process**

The budgets for the next financial year are compiled in the 'budget process' that runs mainly from September to March each year (some preparatory work / forecasts are prepared from July).

Day to day responsibility for setting budgets and financial performance monitoring may be delegated to appropriate line managers/senior officers, as appropriate.

A brief summary of the stages involved in the budget process are as follows:

# Review / Formulation of Budget Process

Following a review of the previous year's process, the outline process to be followed is formulated / agreed by the Budget Review Group (BRG) and Cabinet.

#### Consideration of Policy Changes

Planned changes to services (provisionally approved during the previous budget process) are issued for confirmation. Budget Managers are also required to consider any unavoidable increased costs (arising from, for example, legislative or demand led changes e.g. reduced income) and targets for budget savings. They will be aware of the objectives of the Council as a whole within the Corporate Plan and should therefore be looking to incorporate changes or additions into their future plans.

#### Capital Programme

Managers are asked to review provisionally approved schemes (within the medium term capital programme) and submit new / revised capital appraisal forms for consideration, and prioritisation within available resources, by CMT, Deputy/Assistant Directors, the Asset Strategy Group and BRG.

#### Budget Consultation

For 2012 a range of consultation has been planned to gauge residents', business and other core stakeholders' views on the Council's priorities to achieve the 'Vision' considering areas of spending or where savings could potentially be made.

The consultation will include;

- ➤ Local residents / Citizens Panel Website questionnaire, Focus Group;
- Council Tenants Focus Group;
- Business Community Online Questionnaire/Focus Group;
- Voluntary and Community Sector Focus Group;
- Youth Council/Schools & Young People Focus Group;
- On-line 'Blog' a more informal opportunity for residents to give more general views on what they think of the services Tamworth Borough Council provides and where they think improvements need to be made.

# • Formulation of Budget Forecast & Base Budgets

Managers should consider their future activities and spending requirements before discussions with their Accountant.

Managers should identify any minor changes in expenditure or income or highlight other areas of concern with their Accountant prior to the finalisation of the base budget working papers. Regular review / monitoring during the year assist in this process.

It is important that managers assess budget figures carefully and do not merely increase the original budgets by the given inflation percentage. Managers should consider the previous year's level of expenditure when looking at budgets and decide if this is to be a normal level or an exception. A zero based budgeting approach to deliver service needs is required especially in a period of resource constraints.

In the main, the recalculation of the base budget involves changes that have already been approved or are outside the control of managers (e.g. inflation, pay award etc). Major alterations to budgets or proposals involving significant changes in service delivery need to be raised and submitted for approval through the policy changes process.

It should be borne in mind that financial guidance requires budget managers to be consulted (by the relevant accountant) in the preparation of the budgets for which they will be held responsible and that they are required to accept accountability for their budgets and the service to be delivered.

As part of the Governance process, there is a responsibility for Budget Managers to ensure that they are consulted and confirm that their budgets are accurate, complete and acceptable.

#### Compilation of Overall Budget figures

Once all the budget working papers have been prepared, an overall net expenditure figure for the Council can be assessed in terms of affordability and whether funding for these levels of expenditure is available. It may be that Managers would be required to identify savings in their budgets, dependant on guidance from Senior Managers and Members.

#### Final Budget Approved by the Council in February

The final budgets are approved by Members at the Cabinet meeting, usually in February. No further amendments can be made after this point. The full Council approves the budget at its meeting in February.